

# THE WEATHER

Today and Wednesday—Fair and warm.  
Sun rises Wednesday 5:01. Sets 8:02.  
Light vehicles by 8:22.  
Edmonton Temperatures—Monday: Maximum, 73 above; Tuesday, Minimum, 46 above.

SIXTY-FIRST YEAR, VOL. 61, NO. 101

# Edmonton Bulletin

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER IN PUBLIC SERVICE

EDMONTON, ALBERTA—TUESDAY, APRIL 29, 1941

# WHEAT CLOSE

TUESDAY  
WINNIPEG CLOSING—May, 75½, July, 77½.  
CHICAGO CLOSING—May, 81½, July, 83½.

SINGLE COPY, 5 CENTS

# INCREASE IN GAS TAXES, DEFENCE TAXES, INCREASE IN INCOME TAXES.

## Ilsley Says Provinces Will Be Asked To Vacate Field Of Income, Corporation Taxes

Presents Budget



J. L. ILSLEY, minister of finance, will announce imposition of a Federal gasoline tax of three cents a gallon and increased income tax schedule in the budget in the House of Commons on Tuesday.

### Budget Highlights

Provincial governments asked to vacate income and corporation tax fields for duration of war, with certain compensation.

Special excise tax of three cents a gallon imposed on gasoline.

Changes in corporation and personal income taxes less compensation to provinces to net about \$30,000,000.

Total war and ordinary expenditures fiscal year 1941-42 estimated at \$1,550,000,000.

Estimated revenues for fiscal year \$1,550,000,000.

Present estimates of revenue and expenditures indicate deficit of \$15,000,000 to be met by taxation and borrowing.

British deficit in payment balance with Canada may bring Canadian's budgetary deficit to \$15,000,000.

New taxation expected to produce \$30,000,000 in full fiscal year.

Borrowing necessary for about \$1,000,000,000 this fiscal year.

New building or extension for industrial use and machinery to be licensed as from today.

New graduated rates of income tax start at 15 per cent on first \$1,000 and increasing by five per cent on each additional \$1,000.

Installment income tax payment to be extended and rate changed from April 20 to March 31.

National defence tax increased on July 1 from later part of year to seven per cent, and from two per cent to five per cent.

No increase in general sales tax.

National defence tax minimum exemption raised from \$500 to \$600 and exemption for dependents increased from \$5 to \$8.

Budget implements succession duties similar to those imposed by provinces but at lower rates.

Corporation income tax minimum rate to be increased to 40 per cent, personal income and national defence taxes sharply increased.

Exemption for gifts to charitable organizations cut from 30 per cent to 10 per cent.

Continued on Page 2, Col. 1.

## Twenty Per Cent Tax On Motion Picture Entertainment—Personal Income Tax Rates Start At 15 Per Cent. For First Taxable \$1,000

OTTAWA, April 29.—(CP)—New taxes and heavy increases to those now existing, designed to reach deeply into Canadian pockets to meet unprecedented war costs, were announced by Finance Minister Ilsley in his budget address to the House of Commons today.

With the necessity of raising \$1,500,000,000 by new taxation and borrowing this year, Mr. Ilsley announced drastic increases in the personal and corporation income tax rates, in the national defence tax and the excess profits tax.

Personal income tax rates will start at 15 per cent for the first taxable \$1,000 and increasing by five per cent for each succeeding \$1,000.

The excess profits tax flat rate is increased from 12 per cent to 22 per cent which means that the starting rate for corporation taxes will be 40 per cent. The corporation income tax is 15 per cent.

### Steepest Increase In Defence Tax

National defence tax payers who now pay two per cent will have to pay five per cent and those paying three per cent will pay seven per cent, beginning July 1.

The general sales tax level was left unchanged but building materials were removed from the exempted list. Tariff changes were negligible, dealing with 22 items of sugar doubling the preferential and intermediate rates downward.

He imposed a tax of three cents a gallon on gasoline, new succession duties at composite rates modelled after provincial death duties and an additional one cent excise tax on sugar doubling the present rate.

### 20 Per Cent Motion Picture Tax

There will be new taxes of 20 per cent on motion picture.

(Continued on Page 6, Col. 1)

## German Steamer Will Try To Run Naval Blockade

RIO DE JANEIRO, April 29.—(AP)—The German freighter Lech left her dock here Monday night on an apparent effort to dash through the British blockade with a cargo of fuel oil, coffee and other merchandise.

The Lech was the first German ship to succeed in reaching Brazil through the blockade.

Previously, the British blockade earlier had asked permission to enter within 48 hours for Bergen, Norway.

The Lech arrived here March 30 from Buenos Aires, Argentina, after a 12-day voyage.

## TODAY'S NEWS On Inside Pages

Across Canada Weather	Page 2
Bugs Shell Destroyer	4
Partial Tax War Statement	2
Studentie Die In Fire	2
Busch's Thompson	2
Albera District News	4
Red Deer Alumni Graduates	4
Partial Tax Hyde Park	4
White Paper Revoked War Cost	4
Budget Expects	4
Campbell Announces Lindbergh	4
To Leave Recruiting Drive	4
Text Of Budget Speech	4
City Soldiers Farewell—Phone	11
City Staff Bonus War Fund	11
Civil Service War Help	11
Getting Around	11
Modern Puzzles	12
Dorothy Dies	12
Alberta Flood Overcast—Photo	11
Wheat Crop Map	11
On the Farm Front	16
Diplomat Visits City	16
Albera Flood Overcast—Photo	11
War Savings Drive	11
Students Name Executives	11
Will Council Dies	11
Through the Mill	11
Social Story	11
War Co. Not In Favored	11
85-Cent Wheat Ask	20
Hooping Plan	20

## WAR CABINET PLAN REJECTED BY CHURCHILL

Full-Dress Debate On War To Be Held Next Week Says Premier

By HAROLD FAIR LONDON, April 29.—(CP)—Prime Minister Churchill answered a blunt "No, Sir" to Edgar Granville's question in the House of Commons today if he would consider establishment of a small supreme war cabinet and inclusion of statements of the "talents of Prime Minister Menzies" of Australia.

Pressed by the Liberal National question whether he would invite Empire statesmen to join an Imperial war cabinet, because the whole Empire is involved in the war, Mr. Churchill replied that he was fully discussed in the House some months ago and he had nothing to say.

Questioned further by Mr. Granville, Mr. Churchill said he was not prepared to consider such a proposal.

Continued on Page 2, Col. 1

## F.D.R. Will Speak To United States People On Defence

WASHINGTON, April 29.—(AP)—President Roosevelt will speak to the nation by radio tomorrow night when he participates in a program inaugurating a day of defense activities to the public. He is expected to discuss both the defense program and taxes to help finance it.

Mr. Roosevelt probably will speak for five to eight minutes sometime between 7:30 and 8:00 p.m., M.S.T.

## Neutrality Patrol

WASHINGTON, April 29.—(AP)—Admiral Harold R. Stark disclosed today that United States neutrality patrols are operating at some points as much as 2,000 miles from shore.

## Former Bulletin Staff Members Arrive In Britain



MAJ. W. A. de GRAVE, D.S.O. LT. C. E. CAMPBELL, JR. LT. J. HARPER PROWSE

Three former members of The Edmonton Bulletin staff, now serving with His Majesty's Canadian armed forces, have arrived safely in Britain with the latest group of soldiers, airmen and sailors, according to a cable received here. Major W. A. de Grave, D.S.O., for 15 years managing editor of The Bulletin, is officer commanding a western unit of the army service corps. Lt. C. E. Campbell, Jr., is an officer in the army service corps, and was for a year and a half secretary-treasurer of The Bulletin. Lt. J. Harper Prowse was on the editorial staff of The Bulletin for five years prior to his enlistment. He is an officer for an Alberta Regiment. Their many friends in Edmonton and Alberta will be pleased to hear of their safe arrival in the Motherland.

## RESTRICTIONS ON TOURISTS TO CONTINUE

Lifting Of Ban Would Injure Canada's War Effort

OTTAWA, April 29.—(CP)—Definite announcement that the restrictions against use of foreign exchange for tourist travel in the United States would continue was made by Finance Minister Ilsley in his budget address today in the House of Commons.

"It was only with the greatest reluctance that the government accepted the necessity of imposing these travel restrictions," he said. "This administration would have said that prohibition immediately if it could be done without injury to Canada's war effort."

"If all restrictions are removed I am of the opinion that we would have to find some \$70,000,000 to \$80,000,000 for pleasure travel."

FUNDS FOR EMERGENCIES American funds would be provided for necessary business travel for health visits considered necessary for educational purposes in certain cases.

If any Canadian arranged to visit the United States relatives or friends who provide United States dollars for that purpose no objection will be raised, Mr. Ilsley said.

There had been criticism that some people were allowed to travel in the United States, Mr. Ilsley said, but he had ascertained that there had been "absolutely no discrimination" in dealing with applications for travel permits.

Mr. Ilsley said United States tourist travel in Canada last year had been disappointing. He expected more would come this year and also longer periods of stay.

It is probably not safe to count on net receipts from this source of more than \$100,000,000.

FAVORABLE BALANCE (Last month the Dominion bureau of statistics estimated that receipts from the tourist industry were \$12,000,000 in 1940, while expenditures outside the Dominion by Canadian tourists were estimated at \$10,000,000, a favorable balance of \$2,000,000.)

Continued on Page 2, Col. 1

## Further Transfers Of U. S. Warships To Britain Likely

Previous Transfers Will Become "Insignificant" In Comparison

By LYLE C. WILSON WASHINGTON, April 29.—(AP)—The unofficial U. S. Navy official said today that "previous transfers will become insignificant" in comparison with the new transfers of U. S. warships to Britain.

Continued on Page 2, Col. 1

## Fighting By Rear-Guard Protects Embarkation Of Imperials In Greece

Fighting Is Waged On Shores Of Southern Greece As Expeditious Force Leaves—No Indication Of Losses

By NED RUSSELL LONDON, April 29.—(BUP)—A small rear-guard of British, Australian and New Zealand troops fought off a German army on the shores of southern Greece today to protect the embarkation of the last of the main British expeditionary force.

Reports indicated that there was no hope of escape for the men who were now holding off the Germans, but that the main part of the expeditionary force had embarked under the constant attack of German planes.

There was no real indication of the actual Imperial losses but military experts warned that the embarkation must come quietly in war and that the Imperial force in Greece was being evacuated.

ABANDON EQUIPMENT It was believed that it had been necessary to abandon much heavy equipment because of the terrific pressure of the Germans.

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## Dominion Revenues For Past Year Hit \$871,571,000 Total

Over-All Deficit On Year's Operations Of Approximately \$395,056,000 Announced By Finance Minister

OTTAWA, April 29.—(CP)—Dominion revenues for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1941, reached the unprecedented total of \$871,571,000, Finance Minister Ilsley disclosed today in the financial review which he opened his presentation of the third war budget in the House of Commons.

He announced an over-all deficit on the year's operations of approximately \$395,056,000, a very large deficit but, nevertheless, less substantially smaller than the \$1,000,000,000 deficit estimated by his predecessor Hon. J. L. Kaituma last June.

Mr. Ilsley estimated that the \$395,056,000 deficit was the total cost of war for the current fiscal year, Canada was required to finance the bulk of British war expenses in Canada estimated at \$1,500,000,000 for the current year.

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Continued on Page 2, Col. 1

## TWO DAMAGED BATTLESHIPS AGAIN BOMBED

R.A.F. Attacks Germany's Two Big Warships In Great Port

LONDON, April 29.—(CP)—The Royal Air Force raided the Nazi battleships Scharnhorst and Gneisenau at Brest last night for the twelfth time in a month, and a well-informed source said the vessels still were in the French port because the Germans could not move them.

The Air Ministry officially has claimed only one hit on one of the two German warships, but this source said their continued presence in such an accessible port was proof they had been moved.

The likely thing for the Germans to do, he said, would be to move the two powerful surface raiders to the minute British airbase showed the R.A.F. knew where the ships were. He recalled that the German cruiser Hipper "disappeared" from Brest after she was bombed a second time by the R.A.F. on March 2.

STABBED BY BOMBS Several air ministry communications have said that British bombs straddled the warships one of which is on drydock and the other tied up inside a wharf. Military experts reckoned that a nearby hit on a dock would be almost as effective as a direct hit. On a hit on a battleship, it was said, might well result in essential damage.

The German air force, in turn, concentrated the weight of its attacks on the British warships.

Continued on Page 2, Col. 1

## Today's War Moves

By J. W. T. MASON British Editor Special Analyst

Justice to the German general staff, that highly realistic organization must be credited with showing no indication that it is not engaged in Greece is a guarantee of Germany's final victory.

EXCLUSIVE Some of the 2,500 employees of wholesale establishments affected were back on the job today and the ministry said full resumption of work could be expected by tomorrow.

The workers' strike in protest against dismissal of 60 of their number was closed because of air raid damage.

Meat Distributors Strike In London Is Reported Settled

LONDON, April 29.—(CP)—A strike which yesterday left an disruption of meat in Greater London has been settled, the ministry said today.

Some of the 2,500 employees of wholesale establishments affected were back on the job today and the ministry said full resumption of work could be expected by tomorrow.

The workers' strike in protest against dismissal of 60 of their number was closed because of air raid damage.

Meat Distributors Strike In London Is Reported Settled

LONDON, April 29.—(CP)—An authoritative source said today the British government had asked the United States state department to make inquiries in Berlin and Rome regarding the whereabouts of Rommel in the Greek peninsula.

The British government has had no definite information from the governments of Mr. Campbell and Mr. Prowse.

Since they left Belgium after the Nazi invasion, it was said.

There was no official comment on Rome reports the minister had been seized by an Italian naval force on the Dalmatian coast.

Continued on Page 2, Col. 1

## Gleanings From Today's Want Ads

(Turn to Pages 12, 13 and 14)

WANTED—A good housemaid, experienced, reliable, and honest. Apply to Mrs. J. W. T. Mason, 1234 Main St., Edmonton.

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Continued on Page 2, Col. 1

Mussolini "Understood" Only By Woman Half His Age—Read Whitaker's Dispatch in The Bulletin Wednesday





## Partial Text Of Premier's War Statement

OTTAWA, April 28.—(CP)—Partial text of Prime Minister Mackenzie King's statement on the war to the House of Commons Monday follows.

"Honorable members may recall that speaking on the day (April 7) prior to adjournment, in reference to the Balkan campaign, that the attacks on Yugoslavia and Greece marked the beginning of the final phase of the 1941 campaign."

"What I did not forecast at that time, and what no one could foresee then, was the rapidity with which the Nazi forces would be able to occupy the whole of Yugoslavia and the mainland of Greece. Events have now told that story."

"It will be recalled that on April 1, I stated that the Balkan campaign might well be the prelude of a great battle for the whole Mediterranean basin. The governments of the United Kingdom and the Dominion have never been under any illusion that the campaign in 1941 would be any less terrible than the campaign of 1940, or that the 1941 campaign would not follow, in its essential respects, the pattern of last year."

"In Africa, the events since adjournment have amply demonstrated the difference between German might and Italian weakness. On the day Benghazi was captured by the Germans, the British and South African troops and the Addis Ababa, the port of Ethiopia. On April 1, the port of Addis Ababa was taken from the Italians. The fall of Massawa marked the end of effective Italian resistance in East Africa."

### FORCES RELEASED

This fact was recognized by the proclamation of President Roosevelt April 11, which opened the Red Sea and the Gulf of Aden to all States ships. News had been received this morning of the fall of Addis Ababa in Ethiopia."

The virtual disappearance of the Italian resistance in East Africa has released for duty elsewhere in the Middle East a great part of the British forces engaged in that region."

On April 18, growing unrest and the potential threat to the oilfields in the Middle East and the pipeline connecting the oilfields of British Iraq with the Persian Gulf, led to a British military expedition in Iraq. While these events have been proceeding with dramatic suddenness in the Balkans, Africa, and the Middle East, the Nazi air attack on Great Britain has been intensified and the grim battle of the Atlantic has been resumed in serious form."

As respects the Far East, probably the most significant event was the recent visit of the Japanese foreign minister, Mr. Matsuo, to Berlin. Rumors of a German and the signing at Moscow April 13 of the neutrality pact by the Soviet Union and Japan. What these events really signify remains a matter of opinion."

The growing tension in the Far East was reflected in the announcement April 24 of the sending of other contingent of Australian troops to Singapore."

Those who have studied the military situation as a whole will have been greatly surprised, never-

### East Edmonton Federal Library Primaries

To be held Tuesday, May 6, 1941, at 7 p.m. to select delegates for the 1941-42 National Convention to be held at the Memorial Hall on May 15, 1941. The following is a list of the addresses where each individual primary will be held:

South of the Saskatchewan River the addresses of the Primaries are as follows:

Place of Primary	Place of Primary
1. 1044 10th St. S.	1. 1044 10th St. S.
2. 1044 10th St. S.	2. 1044 10th St. S.
3. 1044 10th St. S.	3. 1044 10th St. S.
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9. 1044 10th St. S.	9. 1044 10th St. S.
10. 1044 10th St. S.	10. 1044 10th St. S.

The primaries for the district North of the Saskatchewan River and South of the C.N.R. tracks will be as follows:

Place of Primary	Place of Primary
1. 1044 10th St. S.	1. 1044 10th St. S.
2. 1044 10th St. S.	2. 1044 10th St. S.
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9. 1044 10th St. S.	9. 1044 10th St. S.
10. 1044 10th St. S.	10. 1044 10th St. S.

The primaries for the district North of the C.N.R. tracks and South of 118th Ave. will be as follows:

Place of Primary	Place of Primary
1. 1044 10th St. S.	1. 1044 10th St. S.
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as respects its rapidity, at the moment of the Nazi campaign in Yugoslavia and Greece. The odds against both countries were overwhelming."

"Until the very end, the anxiety on the part of Yugoslavia to preserve the strict neutrality and to refuse Germany no excuse for its attack prevented the working out of a plan. Just plain British and the Greeks, even after the onset of a large Allied Balkan front had vanished."

"One aspect of the campaign in Yugoslavia, the deserting of the Vlachians, Nothing could have demonstrated more completely the vital importance in modern war of superior equipment. According to the information available, the Nazis did not have overwhelming superiority of manpower in Yugoslavia. They may even have had fewer troops engaged than the Yugoslavs. Their superiority was in striking power—in machine and weapons of war."

"The campaign in Greece rendered the military lesson of the campaign in Yugoslavia."

"Whatever may be the purely military arguments for and against a British force in Greece, it will be generally agreed that the British were in better hand to help the Greeks if they undertook to resist the Germans. The Greeks, by their dauntless courage in the last Albanian campaign, had more than earned all that which could possibly be given."

"The Greeks, of course, profited by the British and the British by the Greeks. The British, in their fight against the Italians in North Africa, and the British, in their fight against the Germans in the Balkans, have both been helped by the dauntless courage in the last Albanian campaign, had more than earned all that which could possibly be given."

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## Big German Guns Cannonade Dover Area In Long Attack

Berlin Claims Speedboat Assault Coincides With Shelling

DOVER, April 28.—(CP)—For nearly six hours today German guns on the French coast shelled the Dover area—the heaviest such cross-channel attack of the war and the sort to be expected with any invasion attempt."

Shelling was accompanied by a speedboat attack on that section of the English coast, apparently timed to coincide with the shelling."

British guns replied, making it a day of long and heavy shelling of water, and the Royal Air Force went out to blast at the Nazi elements."

The Press Association reported at 2:30 p.m. that M.S.T. that the shelling had stopped and added that damage to that southeastern coast of England—long known as 'hell's corner'—was negligible, confined to cottages."

After the Germans had fired single shots for three hours they dropped up the barrage, using four-inch and six-inch calibers at intervals of about three minutes. Then, after it had been in progress for nearly four hours, the great cross-channel attack of the war and the sort to be expected with any invasion attempt."

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# Domestic Revenues For Past Year Hit \$87,571,000 Total

Continued from Page One

The house, however, is sure will agree with me that it would be unwise to purchase vital goods from Canada, because of a lack of Canadian dollars.

For that reason it has been necessary for us to assure Britain that Canada would meet such proportion of that total output deficit as Britain herself would not be able to provide by transfer of gold or United States dollars to Canada.

New taxes and increased duties have accounted for the revenue increase, and prepayment of income taxes had helped, the minister said.

**TOTAL TAX REVENUES**

Total tax revenues were \$78,290,000 as compared with \$46,000,000 the previous year. The last single source being the excise taxes which produced \$38,000,000, an increase of \$16,000,000 the previous year.

Income taxation produced \$28,000,000, an increase of \$10,000,000 the previous year. The last single source being the excise taxes which produced \$38,000,000, an increase of \$16,000,000 the previous year.

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Other miscellaneous expenditures, represented chiefly in write-downs of assets, were \$1,000,000, an increase of \$1,000,000 the previous year. The last single source being the excise taxes which produced \$38,000,000, an increase of \$16,000,000 the previous year.

Expenditures on improvements to residences, new roads and other conveniences should be postponed until after the war, the minister said.

Expenditures on war equipment during the last fiscal year, according to his latest estimate, were \$28,150,000, the minister said.

**ORDINARY EXPENDITURES**

Ordinary expenditures for the period would be slightly over \$30,000,000, of which approximately 70 per cent is expected to be met out of other charges on the public account.

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Hold Everything  
"Sure, hobbies are okay in the army—but keep your eye on the clock!"

## White Paper Reveals Expenditures For War

OTTAWA, April 29.—(CP)—In the white paper which he tabled in the Commons today after presenting Canada with its third war time budget, Prime Minister Mackenzie King estimated expenditures resulting from the war which will be charged against the fiscal year ended last March 31 at \$1,912,962,000.

Ministries and supply advances to commodity companies, amounting to \$7,000,000 and loans and investments totalling \$1,450,000,000 bonded to the Treasury to War Appropriation Act in 1939-40.

The total of \$791,862,000 included expenditures by the munitions department of \$400,000,000 for production of munitions, and the amount of advance made in contracts for working capital and other advance for the war.

In addition certain payments were made under authority of the War Appropriation Act, 1940, which are recoverable from the United Kingdom and other allied governments. The estimated amount of these recoverable advances at March 31, 1941, was:

**UNITED KINGDOM—**  
Equipment Operations ..... \$ 3,000,000  
Royal Air Force Special Schools ..... 1,000,000  
Aircraft and Other Equipment for British Commonwealth ..... 15,000,000  
United Kingdom and Allied Governments ..... 6,000,000  
War Measures Act ..... \$ 36,400,000

**TOTAL—** which was shown as a separate item in the Balance Sheet. In addition, Mr. King said, there will be recoverable from Australia and New Zealand, substantial amounts in connection with the British Commonwealth.

Total expenditures of \$818,130,000, not including the recoverable advances for equipment and services.

**AGRICULTURE—** \$ 3,500,000  
**AUDITOR GENERAL'S OFFICE—** 60,000  
**CHIEF ELECTORAL OFFICER—** 5,000  
Duties imposed by National Registration ..... 120,000  
Civil Service Commission— ..... 120,000  
Additional War Expenses ..... 37,000  
FINANCE— ..... 1,600,000  
FISHERIES— ..... 17,000

**LABOR—** 47,000  
Ministry of Labor ..... 234,000  
**MINES AND RESOURCES—** 34,000  
**MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY—** 1,000,000  
Administration ..... 2,500,000  
Expenses of Industry ..... 8,700,000  
NATIONAL DEFENCE— ..... 1,331,000  
Administration ..... 241,000  
Department of Defense ..... 40,140,000  
Conserving ..... 18,000  
Rationing ..... 27,000  
Ration Service, N.W.T. and Yukon ..... 14,000  
Royal Military College ..... 36,000

**NATIONAL DEFENCE—NAVAL SERVICES—** 61,500,000  
H.M. Sea and Ordnance Establishments ..... 5,900,000  
British Commonwealth Air Training Plan ..... 119,000,000

**NATIONAL HARBORS BOARD—** 26,000  
**NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL—** 54,000  
**SECRETARY OF STATE—** 5,000  
National War Services ..... 2,540,000  
National Health and Social Insurance ..... 230,000  
Post Office ..... 4,000  
Privy Council— ..... 3,500,000  
The Clerk of the Privy Council and Council ..... 4,000  
Public Works ..... 3,500,000

**ROYAL CANADIAN MOUNTED POLICE—** 3,500,000  
Land Services, Incident to War ..... 17,000  
**TRADE AND COMMERCE—** 22,000  
Canada Shipping Board ..... 1,300,000  
Transport ..... 22,000

**TOTAL WAR CHARGED TO EXPENDITURE—** \$791,862,000  
**ACTIVE ASSETS—** 17,000  
**LOANS AND INVESTMENTS—** \$ 1,450,000,000  
Working Capital—Canadian Government ..... 790,000  
Merchant Marine ..... 16,000,000  
Munitions and Supply—Advance to the United States ..... 7,000,000  
Grand Total Charged to War Appropriation Act ..... \$818,130,000

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## Increased Income, Defence Taxes, Gasoline Imposts Announced For Dominion

Continued from Page One

entertainment and five per cent on wagers made at race tracks.

The budget imposed a 10 per cent tax on railway and air travel. The budget imposed a 10 per cent tax on railway and air travel.

Mr. Riley announced extension of the instalment income tax payment and the due date changed from April 30 to March 31.

Gift taxes were substantially increased and the excess profit tax rate was increased from 12 per cent to 22 per cent. The tax on ordinary wine was increased from 15 cents to 45 cents per gallon and on sparkling wines from \$1.50 to \$2.00.

Increased imposts were placed on mail, playing cards, carbonic acid gas, cosmetics, long distance telephone calls and lighters and cigarette tubes.

### No Building Materials Tax Exemption

The sales tax exemptions from building materials were removed. The tax on automobiles was increased from 20 to 25 per cent on cars costing up to \$700 but other price groups were unchanged. The present tax limit on buses of \$250 each was removed and the straight tax of five per cent left unaltered.

The income tax on non-residents is increased from five per cent to 15 per cent.

If the provinces agree to co-operate on the taxation plan the arrangement, with increased the minister would propose in tax rates, would net the federal treasury about \$90,000,000, the minister said.

The minister, after reviewing the financial situation for the last fiscal year, announced that he would have to raise, by taxation and borrowing, \$1,500,000,000 for the current fiscal year which started April 1.

Mr. Riley said he would ask the provinces to abandon the field of income and corporation taxation for the duration of the war, with the government offering two alternate forms of compensation which would prevent loss to the provinces.

He estimated revenue for the current fiscal year at \$1,100,000,000. He estimated revenue for the current fiscal year at \$1,100,000,000.

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## OTTAWA WILL LAUNCH DRIVE FOR RECRUITS

Citizens' Committees Proposed To Obtain Men For Army

OTTAWA, April 29.—(CP)—Assistance of citizens' committees and members of parliament will be sought in the campaign to recruit men for the army.

What Defense Minister Nathan termed Monday Canada's first recruiting campaign in the present war.

The minister told the house of commons a citizens' committee in each province would be asked to help obtain a certain number of men for the army.

Elaborating on his announcement to a press conference on Saturday the minister said the objective was to get 25,000 to 30,000 men to fill up present needs for reinforcing units overseas and to bring active army units in Canada, such as the mounted formations and the 3rd and 4th divisions up to strength.

**SECURED RECRUITS**

Mr. Nathan made his statement after Conservative Leader Hanson expressed dissatisfaction with the present recruiting situation and to bring active army units in Canada, such as the mounted formations and the 3rd and 4th divisions up to strength.

He also alleged methods of approaching "dunes" were being used to get recruits in return for money rather than by the back door or indirect methods." Asked the minister.

Col. Nathan said Canada had 70,000 men in the army and another 110,000 in Canada for overseas service, all voluntary enlistments. He said there had been no conscription in July he had asked for two months without a recruit.

"From time to time quotas were asked for to replace war casualties. I think up to October or November some quotas were supplied," said the minister.

"But we stopped asking for men and my honorable friend Mr. Hanson and others after that. He said it was a mistake to do so. We stopped because we were not ships to take them overseas."

**UNIT OVERSEAS**

Establishment of the unit overseas were increased following a report by the British army command, and this took up some of the reinforcements sent overseas which were held in the United Kingdom against possible battle casualties.

The first quota in February, Col. Nathan said, was not filled. The second quota was not filled, which means the third quota was not filled. In the third quota 50 per cent, more men were obtained than in the first, but the larger quota was not filled.

The department asked the reserve units if they could furnish the men needed. Some said they could, but others were not able to do so.

"So we decided the time to do was to put on a recruiting campaign in the sense of the war, to get the people of Canada that men would be needed."

**WILL BE PROVIDED**

"Do not let my honorable friend think that a recruiting campaign has been put on and that it has been successful. It has not happened at all," said Col. Nathan.

"We shall tell the people of Canada that it is to be done. We are to be put on a recruiting campaign in the sense of the war, to get the people of Canada that men would be needed."

There was no occasion for any of the "dunes" to be put on a recruiting campaign in the sense of the war, to get the people of Canada that men would be needed.

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## BRITISH ARE NOT "YELLOW" U.S. IS TOLD

Sir Gerald Campbell Replies To Lindbergh's Recent Statements

WASHINGTON, April 29.—(AP)—In an answer to C. G. Lindbergh's statement that the British were "yellow" and that the U.S. was "not yellow," Sir Gerald Campbell, British ambassador in Washington, said today that the British were not "yellow" and that the U.S. was "not yellow."

The British minister to Washington, in a speech before the international chamber of commerce, did not mention Lindbergh by name but quoted from the flyer's recent address before an America First committee mass meeting in New York.

**LINDBERGH SNEER**

"In a speech made in New York last Wednesday night, a man named C. G. Lindbergh was levelled at England who 'promised' to all those nations armaments and who could not send; we know that the mislabeled term."

"Military blunders, perhaps, but it was the charge of the Light Brigade that was introduced by Lindbergh at school how proud the British were of the fact that people were of the Light Brigade."

**MEN NOT WANTED**

Sir Gerald also quoted the statement of Lindbergh that he hoped to persuade the United States to send another American Expeditionary Force to Europe. The minister replied that Prime Minister Chamberlain had introduced a very clear statement that Britain does not want men from the United States.

"We are not interested in your business to decide whether we are going to abandon the victims of aggression in Europe. We are interested in the fact that we are going to send our men to fight in Europe."

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## Partial Text Of Hyde Park Declaration

OTTAWA, April 22.—(CP)—Following is a partial text of Prime Minister Mackenzie King's statement to the House of Commons Monday on the "Hyde Park Declaration" issued by President Roosevelt and himself at Hyde Park, N.Y., a week ago.

It will be readily recognized that we in Canada, could not possibly have embarked upon our program of war production if we had not lived side by side with the greatest industrial nation in the world.

Without ready access to the industrial production of the United States, and particularly the machine tools and other specialized equipment as necessary in producing the simplest instruments of modern war, Canada's war effort would have been seriously restricted.

We would have been forced to embark upon the production of many articles which because of limited demand, could only have been produced at high cost and over a considerable period of time.

Canada also lacks certain essential raw materials which must be produced from the United States. The problem of exchange was the most urgent problem we faced in our economic relations with the United States.

But we also realized a growing danger of possible unnecessary duplication of production facilities on the North American continent with consequent waste of resources, labor and materials. If Canada and the United States could in many cases, make use of the facilities in the field of war production.

### AID TO BRITAIN

It was my intention when I referred to the production of war materials, that I was referring to the work at Ogdensburg in August last, our two countries had permanently shared their defense.

When Mr. King read the text of the Hyde Park Declaration, it was more than an extension of the Ogdensburg Agreement for joint defense. It was also a joint agreement between Canada and the United States for aid to Britain.

The basic principle underlying the agreement is a recognition of the fact that each country has special advantages for the production of certain war materials which are lacking in the other, and that both countries will benefit by each producing for the other, as well as for itself, the defense articles which it is best able to produce.

It constitutes an acceptance of the economic interdependence of Canada and the United States as the foundation of the program of war production in both countries.

It represents the application to war production of the principle recognized by Canada and the United States in the trade agreements of peacetime. But the exchange of goods is of mutual benefit.

The declaration recognizes the vital necessity for Canada's war program, of obtaining certain defense articles from the United States on the other hand, it indicates the possibility of the speedy expansion of Canadian production of other defense articles, munitions and strategic materials. It is not without significance that aluminum and ships are specified by name in the declaration.

### PRODUCTION ADVANCE

One question which may arise in connection with the Hyde Park declaration is: How can Canada share in the United States any defense articles or munitions? Surely it will be said, all our war production is needed either for Canada or for Britain.

The answer is that we have advanced so far in the production of certain articles that expansion beyond British and Canadian needs can be readily accomplished.

That is true of certain types of small arms, guns and machine guns, certain explosives and chemicals, certain armored fighting vehicles, automobiles and certain types of metals and materials, merchant ships and naval vessels of the type we have been building, many types of aircraft, and many types of clothing and textiles, certain leather, rubber and timber products, and certain types of foodstuffs in which Canada could probably make an important contribution, if it were desired.

On the other hand, the production of engines for aircraft in Canada would be a slow process, only built in time and in those types of skilled labor and specialized equipment of which we have surplus. Moreover, that is a field in which not only many types are needed to fill the various demands and improvements in designs that are constantly occurring.

The fact that Canadian war production is so well organized in many fields as to enable Canada to meet promptly many United States requirements is a high tribute to Canadian industry and Canadian know-how.

### LEASE-LEND ACT

In the declaration itself a rough estimate was made of the value of the defense articles which it is hoped Canada will be in a position to supply to the United States in the next 12 months. The estimate is between \$200,000,000 and \$300,000,000 worth. We may be able to do better than this, but obviously detailed negotiations will be necessary with the appropriate purchasing departments in agreement with the United States government in order to determine how best they can use the surplus capacity existing and potential of Canadian industry.

The immediate significance of Canada of the sale of these defense articles is, of course, the provision of the United States dollars to help us in paying for Canadian essential war purchases in the United States.

## Shipbuilders Are Urgently Needed For Canada Yards

OTTAWA, April 22.—(CP)—Liberal Minister Mulroney said yesterday that Canadian shipbuilding for Britain will need all the skilled and competent shipyard workers in Canada.

The minister, in a statement, asked the unemployed insurance commission to do all possible to give shipbuilders. He appeared to emphasize that shipbuilders must not be left with war orders to release workers of the type needed.

### FILED NAZI TIRANNY

LONDON.—(CP)—Many European refugee industries, partly financed by their own money, plus government aid, have been set up in the United States to produce war materials for the United States.

It will have a permanent significance in the relations between Canada and the United States. It involves nothing less than the economic defense of the western hemisphere.

When we pause to reflect upon the consequences in Europe, of the failure of the peace-loving nations to plan in concert their common defense, while yet there was time, we gain a new appreciation of the significance for the future of both Canada and the United States of the Ogdensburg agreement, and of this new declaration which might well be called the economic cord of Ogdensburg.

It is appropriate at this point to emphasize the fact that, while the agreement will increase the effectiveness of our war effort and our assistance to Britain, the settlement burden upon the Canadian people will nevertheless remain as great as ever. The sacrifices which we are called upon to make will not be reduced by the Hyde Park declaration, but the results achieved by our sacrifices will, we believe, be considerably greater.

**GREATER CONTRIBUTION**  
At the same time the risk of delays and breakdowns will be materially reduced. The utmost effort of the Canadian people is more than ever needed in the present phase of this terrible struggle, but it is making that effort we shall have, as the result of the agreement, the added satisfaction of knowing that we are making a greater contribution than otherwise would be possible to the cause of freedom.

Unfortunately today I would say the example given by Canada, I believe, aroused the admiration of our neighbors and made them ready to accept this new partnership.

Last November I said to honorable members of this House that the link forged by the Ogdensburg agreement was by no means a permanent one, but that it was a mutual desire for the destruction of their neighbors.

The Hyde Park declaration is, however, a further convincing demonstration that Canada and the United States are indeed laying the enduring foundation of a new world order, an order based on international understanding, on mutual aid, on friendship and goodwill.



# Old in Experience

## Hudson's Bay Company

You Can Save at Least

### 30% on These Specials

Wednesday Morning Only!

Wednesday Store Hours: 9:30 To 1 P.M. Phone 914

### Merchandise On Sale

Large size dress, blouse, skirt	Price	50% Off	You Save
Address and Telephone Books	13c	11c	2c
—Stationery, Street Floor			
One Suit size 44	\$9.50	\$6.75	\$2.75
1 Suit, size 36 to 42	\$12.50	\$8.75	\$3.75
1 Suit, size 38	\$15.50	\$10.90	\$4.60
2 Suits, size 42	\$22.50	\$15.75	\$6.75
4 Suits, size 36, 42 and 44	\$29.50	\$20.65	\$8.85
—Men's Wear, Street Floor			
Students' All Wool Ties Topicals, size 35 to 38	\$11.88	\$8.32	\$3.56
—Boys' Wear, Street Floor			
Personal Butler Doublets rolled in compact	35c	25c	10c
—Candy Counter, Street Floor			
Children's black or brown hatters and patent straps	\$4.50	\$3.00	\$1.50
—Shoes, Street Floor			
12 Paper Parham's Jump Shoes	45c	35c	10c
—Antiques, Street Floor			
Four Clear Glasses, one size	16c	11c	5c
—Chinaware, Street Floor			
Children's Girls' Warm Frocks, size 4-16	\$1.50	90c	.60
Children's Wear, Second Floor	\$1.35	95c	.40
Infants' Flannel Gowns, 18 up to 6 mos.	15c	10c	5c
—Baby's Wear, Second Floor			
Four Laced Cotton Socks, size 35 to 42	\$1.00	65c	.35
—Footwear, Second Floor			
Pressed Cotton Socks, wrist and instep styles	\$1.88	\$1.30	.58
—Hosiery, Second Floor			

9:30 A.M. SPECIALS—PERSONAL SHOPPING		
Shoulder Veal Steaks	2 lbs for	20c
Mixed Beef, freshly made	2 lbs for	15c
Lean Pork Chops	1 lb for	22c

FOR DELIVERY DIAL DIS		
Sweet Pickled Beef, boned	1 lb for	17c
Veal and Ham Patties	1 lb for	16c
Beef and Pork Sausage Meat	2 lbs for	25c
Hot Veal Chop	1 lb for	20c
Round Steak	1 lb for	27c
Jellied Veal, sliced	1 lb for	27c
—Meats, Lower Street Floor		

## Home Furnishings Preview Tomorrow

All Anniversary Sale Home Furnishings specials—furniture, floor coverings, draperies, radios, and refrigerators—arriving tomorrow morning—come and see the extraordinary savings for yourself!

Our 16-page Anniversary Sale flier delivered today. Read it from cover to cover for exciting value news!

STARTS Thursday, May 1st

# THE BAY'S 271<sup>ST</sup> ANNIVERSARY SALE

Store Hours: 9:30 A.M. To 6 P.M. Wednesday, 9:30 To 1 P.M. Phone 914

... 271 Years Young in Enthusiasm ... 271 Years Old in Experience!



# SINGLE MILK DISTRIBUTION IS PROPOSED

City To Study Plan For One Delivery System By All Firms

Possibility of establishing a single milk distribution system in Edmonton will be studied by city officials and the result of their investigation submitted to the Board of Public Utilities Commissioners at the sitting of the board in April.

The board sitting, here are scheduled for Wednesday, May 14, and city council Monday evening, May 15.

At the sitting of the board, the board will be asked to consider the results of the investigation and to make recommendations to the city council.

At the sitting of the city council, the council will be asked to consider the results of the investigation and to make recommendations to the board.

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## Voluntary Deductions Given By City Staff To Boost War Funds

Edmonton's city council Monday night authorized the city comptroller to make deductions from the salaries of all permanent staff employees as contributions to War Services and other approved charities.

The resolution, passed recently making it obligatory to contribute to the fund, while 79 voted against the payroll deduction plan, the city comptroller, who has voluntarily pledged himself to support the plan.

The vote was taken on the suggestion of a special committee appointed by the city council to study the possibility of obtaining a similar plan from the federal government.

Under the deduction plan employees earning up to \$1,000 annually will contribute 5 cents per pay, the deduction increasing by five cents for each \$1,000 over that amount.

The fund will be contributed to the fund during 1941. Proposed sale of the Municipal property for \$100 was referred back to the city council.

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City Soldiers Smile Farewell As They Sail

Private W. "Pat" Peterson, "Doc" Davidson and James Cronan, members of an army unit which sailed in the ship "The Prince of Wales" for the front in Great Britain recently.

The soldiers are smiling as they say farewell to their families and friends who have gathered to see them off.

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29	30	31					29	30	31					29	30	31				

## Civil Servants Contributing \$500 Monthly To War Services

The Canadian War Services fund received a big boost on Monday with the announcement made by John Hovver, chairman of the fund, that the Alberta Civil Servants Association has agreed to contribute \$500 a month.

The fund is a voluntary organization which has been established to help the war effort by providing financial aid to the families of those who are serving in the armed forces.

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## Getting Around with JOHN OLIVER

THIS is the season when motorists increase their activities. Cars that have been laid up all season are put in condition for the highways.

Those who have operated all winter, drive more, become more attractive, pleasant and the driving is more fun.

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## AROUND THE TOWN

Regular business luncheon of the competition club was held Tuesday at the Hotel Macdonald.

The club members were entertained by a group of ladies who had prepared a delicious lunch.

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## Confer Here

Officials of the Hudson's Bay Company will be in the city for a conference with city officials.

The conference will be held at the Hotel Macdonald.

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## GRADUATES IN MEDICINE HOLD BANQUET HERE

Attended by a large number of guests, the banquet was held at the Hotel Macdonald.

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## Man Is Knocked From Motorbike As Wagon Turns

Knocked from the motorbike when a fire engine wagon turned, a man was injured.

The man was injured when a fire engine wagon turned.

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## 34th Anniversary Banquet Is Held By Wesley Church

Showing of modern pictures, church singing and games featured the 34th anniversary banquet of the Wesley Church.

The banquet was held at the Wesley Church.

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## Woman Ends Life

RCMP here announced Tuesday that a woman had ended her life.

The woman had ended her life.

The woman had ended her life.

The woman had ended her life.

The woman had ended her life.

The woman had ended her life.

The woman had ended her life.

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The woman had ended her life.

The woman had ended her life.

## Injures Hand

Severe injuries to the hand were sustained by a man who was working in a factory.

The man was working in a factory.

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The man was working in a factory.

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## Additional Local News On Page Seventeen

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# Blitz Or No, London Crowns May Queen - - Canadian Oompah In Great Britain - - The British Lion Roars Again



Death and devastation fail to stand in the way of traditional pageantry so dear to the British heart—London is to have a May Queen again this year. The childlike pagan pomp of her springtime majesty and her retainers stands out against the stark ruins left by recent Nazi air raid. Fourteen-year-old Doreen Garbut is the queen, fifteen-year-old June Parker is her Prince Charming. This photograph was made during recent rehearsal.

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Tossing a few new notes into the Battle of Britain, these Canadian army bandmen make an impressive line ahead as they practice their tooling at their English camp.



One of the coastal defence guns on the east coast of England is shown at full recoil as it blasts off a live shell during firing practice. The gun, a 9.2 Howitzer, tosses a shell weighing 350 pounds. Britain has a girdle of these around her coast to augment the big 14 and 16-inch long range rifles of the main batteries.

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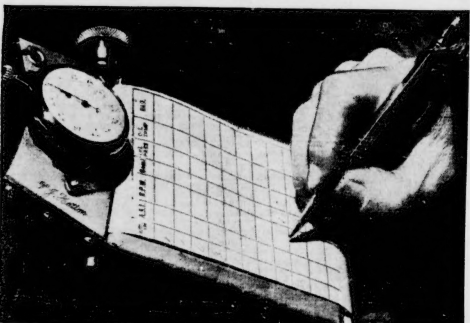
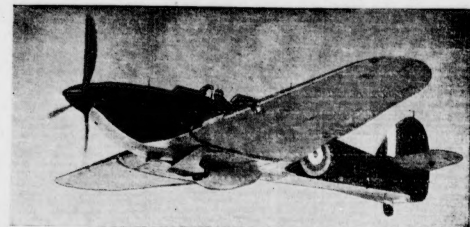
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## Deanna Durbin Becomes Bride

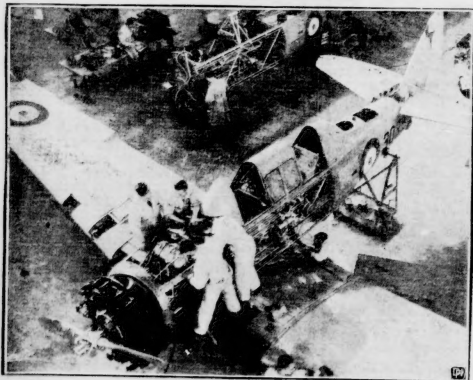


In one of Hollywood's biggest weddings Deanna Durbin, 15-year-old singing star, and Vaughan Paul, 25, associate producer, both of Universal Studio, were married in the Wilshire Methodist Episcopal church before more than 800 guests, mostly studio attaches. The couple are shown immediately following the rites as they left the church to attend a reception at the Beverly Wilshire hotel for a taste of wedding cake.

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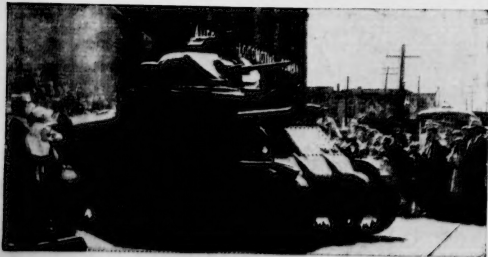


In a great plant at Fort William, Canada is turning out Hurricane fighters for the defence of Britain at the rate of fifteen a week. Each machine, as it comes off the production line, is, TOP, test-flown by veteran pilot V. G. "Shorty" Hatton. This is the special note pad, BOTTOM, upon which every reaction of the new craft is recorded. The pad, fitted with a stop watch, is strapped to Pilot Hatton's knee so it will be handy as he races the machine through its tests.



Fervent activity is the predominant note in this assembly room of a Canadian aircraft plant turning out Harvard trainers. A great number of these machines are used for advanced training under the British Commonwealth Training Plan.

## U. S. Army Gets First Medium Combat Tank



The first of 685 M5 medium combat tanks to be built for the U. S. Army by the American Locomotive Co. at Schenectady, N. Y., is pictured as it shot from the plant, ready for ceremonies signifying its acceptance by the Army. Weighing 28 tons, driven by a 400-horsepower engine at a maximum speed of 25 miles an hour, the tank was constructed under a \$34,000,000 government order.



The Queen holds her hands to her ears. The King gives rapid attention during artillery demonstration given in their honor during visit to the southern command in that section of England where it is feared the Nazi invasion will strike first—if and when it comes.

## Hollywood Fashion Plates



It's no tall tale that this tall's as tall as a three-story building. It belongs to world's biggest bomber, B-29 - four - motored Douglas B-29, ready for test flight at Santa Monica, Calif., in May. Note man in comparison with 42-foot tail.

Joel McCrea and Director William Wellman rush through Hollywood studio street apparently none too happy over the tall star's picture being snapped in his nightshirt. But it's all right—he wears it in a new movie.





